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	ITY PATENT APPLICATIOn or new nonprovisional applications	
Attorney Docket No.	004688.P009	Total Pages
First Named Inventor or Ap	pplication Identifier Dan Kikinis	8
Express Mail Label No E	L627464043US	<u> </u>

Assistant Commissioner for Patents

Box Patent Application

Washington, D. C. 20231 APPLICATION ELEMENTS See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents. Fee Transmittal Form 1. (Submit an original, and a duplicate for fee processing) 2. Specification (Total Pages (preferred arrangement set forth below) - Descriptive Title of the Invention - Cross References to Related Applications - Statement Regarding Fed sponsored R & D - Reference to Microfiche Appendix - Background of the Invention - Brief Summary of the Invention - Brief Description of the Drawings (if filed) - Detailed Description - Claims - Abstract of the Disclosure 3. Drawings(s) (35 USC 113) (Total Sheets 4 4. (Total Pages <u>5</u>)(Unsigned) Oath or Declaration a. ___ Newly Executed (Original or Copy) Copy from a Prior Application (37 CFR 1.63(d)) (for Continuation/Divisional with Box 17 completed) (Note Box 5 below) DELETIONS OF INVENTOR(S) Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application, see 37 CFR 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b). Incorporation By Reference (useable if Box 4b is checked) 5. The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4b, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby incorporated by reference therein. Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix) 6.

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		ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS			
8. 9.		Assignment Papers (cover sheet & documents(s)) a. 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement (where there is an assignee)			
		b. Power of Attorney			
10.	_	English Translation Document (if applicable)			
11.		a. Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449			
		b. Copies of IDS Citations			
12.	Preliminary Amendment				
13.	<u>_X</u>	X Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503) (Should be specifically itemized)			
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FEE CALCULATION (continued) 3. **ADDITIONAL FEES** Large Entity **Small Entity** Fee Fee Fee Fee Code Code (\$) (\$) **Fee Description** Fee Paid 105 130 205 Surcharge - late filing fee or oath 65 127 50 227 25 Surcharge - late provisional filing fee or cover sheet 139 130 139 130 Non-English specification 147 For filing a request for reexamination 2,520 147 2,520 112 920* 112 920* Requesting publication of SIR prior to **Examiner action** 113 1,840* 113 1,840* Requesting publication of SIR after **Examiner action** 115 110 215 55 Extension for response within first month 116 390 216 195 Extension for response within second month 117 890 217 445 Extension for response within third month 118 1.390 218 695 Extension for response within fourth month 128 1.890 228 945 Extension for response within fifth month 119 310 219 155 **Notice of Appeal** 120 310 220 155 Filing a brief in support of an appeal 121 270 221 135 Request for oral hearing 138 1,510 138 1.510 Petition to institute a public use proceeding 140 Petition to revive unavoidably abandoned 110 240 application 141 1,240 241 620 Petition to revive unintentionally abandoned application 142 1,240 242 620 Utility issue fee (or reissue) 143 440 243 220 Design issue fee 144 600 244 300 Plant issue fee 122 130 122 130 **Petitions to the Commissioner** 123 50 123 50 Petitions related to provisional applications 126 240 126 240 **Submission of Information Disclosure Stmt** 581 40 581 40 Recording each patent assignment per property (times number of properties) 146 710 246 355 For filing a submission after final rejection (see 37 CFR 1.129(a)) 149 710 249 355 For each additional invention to be examined (see 37 CFR 1.129(b)) 179 710 279 355 Request for Continued Examination (RCE) 169 900 169 900 Request for expedited examination of a design application Other fee (specify) Other fee (specify) SUBTOTAL (3) \$ 0.00 *Reduced by Basic Filing Fee Paid SUBMITTED BY: Typed or Printed Name: John P. Signature: Date: Reg. Number: 40,21/6 Telephone Number: 408-720-8300



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APPLICATION FOR UNITED STATES LETTERS PATENT

UNIVERSAL PROGRAMMING SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR ELECTRONIC PROGRAMMING GUIDE

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Docket No. 004688.P009

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UNIVERSAL PROGRAMMING SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR ELECTRONIC PROGRAMMING GUIDE

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

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The present invention relates generally to electronic programming guides and, more particularly, to a programming system for an electronic programming guide.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

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Electronic programming guides (EPGs) are often programmed for set-top boxes (STBs), which typically have a low-speed CPU and extremely limited memory. Such EPGs are simple and limited in functionality. For example, most of these EPGs operate in the same basic fashion: scheduled program information is transmitted to a STB on a viewer's premises by an appropriate form of transmission (e.g., broadcast, direct satellite, cable, etc.). The set-top box CPU retains the transmission in memory so that the scheduled programming information may be subsequently viewed on a viewer's television set in response to user-generated signals. The information generally appears in a grid structure on the television screen with multiple columns corresponding to a designated time slot (e.g., 30 minutes) and multiple rows corresponding to a different television channel.

Any minimal design upgrade of the user interface or other EPG functions requires significant redesign of the EPG and reprogramming of the STB. As a result, broadcasters and content developers cannot easily upgrade the software in existing EPGs, and are often even required to replace the hardware, or at least upgrade the memory, CPU, etc. Moreover, because of the limited resolution quality of conventional television screens, the viewer can only see about 1.5 hours of programming at a time for only a few

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channels. In addition, current EPGs allow for only one font size. Unfortunately, viewers do not all have the same depth of vision. Therefore, some viewers may be unable to read the programming information on the television screen. Confounding this problem is the fact that existing EPGs do not have very advanced lighting capabilities, which detracts from the functionality of the EPG.

In essence, to date EPG's have been unsophisticated, limited in utility, and difficult to upgrade. This detracts from the enjoyment of television viewing and also limits the viewer's desire to make the upgrades necessary to improve the functionality of existing EPGs.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention provides an improved EPG that can display programming information in a variety of ways (e.g., 3-D images, alphanumeric text, and video data) and that also allows viewers and/or television programmers to select between varying programming worlds according to viewer and/or programmer preferences.

An EPG in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention provides for a memory or database which contains objects a through n. One class of objects is a pseudo-descriptive language that describes, for example, program events or schedule times. Such an object has a title and/or a channel ID that can be converted into the actual channel number or program association (e.g., Channel 7 equals ABC, etc.).

In a further aspect of the present invention, an additional class of objects contain a variety of world descriptions. This class of objects provides a 3-D enabled EPG, including a 3-D virtual world whose end result is the view that the user gets.

Such multiple user interfaces, environments, and even logics may be loaded into the same device at the same time, and by choosing a particular EPG world, various layouts may be achieved. One layout may mimic the look of a classic 2-D EPG approach. Another layout may mimic, for example, a futuristic science fiction type of environment in space, with rotating carousels showing movie previews, etc. A third layout may offer, for example, an environment mimicking video games such as DOOMTM, etc. In addition, there may be a dynamic relationship between the selection of content by a user and the selection of a specific world (e.g., the selection of the sports channel by the user changes the world to a ballpark, the selection of the Disney channel changes the world to a Disney world, etc.).

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In these various environments, channels may be organized by different classes so that the EPG world may contain, in addition to its layout and descriptions, one through n elements with objects. In turn, each of these objects may be linked or assigned to one of the items to display, such as schedule items, etc.

In addition, there may be non-EPG objects, such as interaction objects. These may be used for e-commerce activities, etc., and may be conflated with the presentation of the world along with the programming schedule items.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention is illustrated by way of example, and not limitation, in the figures of the accompanying drawings in which like reference numerals refer to similar elements and which:

Figure 1 shows a block diagram of a conventional EPG system according to the prior art.

Figure 2 shows an overview of the software architecture of a programming system for an EPG according to an embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 3a shows a pseudo-descriptive language containing one class of objects for an EPG according to an embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 3b shows a description of a 3-D world in another class of objects for an EPG according to an embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 3c shows a description of a non-EPG object according to an embodiment of the present invention.

Figure 4 is one example of a computer system according to an embodiment of the present invention.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION

Described herein is a universal programming system and method for an EPG. Throughout the following description specific details are set forth in order to provide a more thorough understanding of the invention. However, the invention may be practiced without these particulars. In other instances, well known elements have not been shown or described in detail to avoid unnecessarily obscuring the present invention. Accordingly, the specification and drawings are to be regarded in an illustrative, rather than a restrictive, sense.

One limitation of prior art EPGs is that they are unsophisticated. That is, programming information is typically displayed in a grid structure on a television screen. This information is often not very detailed and may be difficult for some viewers to read. Moreover, prior art EPGs are difficult to upgrade.

It would be helpful if an improved EPG system existed to allow users to display programming information in a variety of ways (e.g., including 3-D images) and to allow users to vary programming worlds according to certain preferences.

Referring now to Figure 1 there is shown a block diagram of a conventional EPG system 100 according to the prior art. A service provider 110 such as a broadcaster or a cable television provider, broadcasts a transmission 115 to a plurality of subscribers, each having a set-top box 120 and 122, etc. Signal may be distributed and received through a variety of means, including optical, microwave, electrical or other forms of transmission. Signal includes EPG data 130 and 132, etc., which is displayed on television screens 134 and 136, etc., as part of television systems 140 and 142, etc. EPG data 130 and 132, etc.,

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is displayed in a matrix of rectangular boxes containing text (not shown in this view) in a manner well known in the art.

Referring now to Figure 2 there is shown an overview of the software architecture of a programming system for an EPG 200 according to an embodiment of the present invention. The present invention may be implemented in any television system (not shown in this view) including analog (e.g., using CRTs technology) as well as digital technologies (e.g., HDTV supporting interlaced format). A user interface 201 such as a wireless remote control device (using a signal transmission method such as infrared, RF, inductive, or any other available method) may communicate with the television system. In the present embodiment, the remote control device contains a mechanism (e.g., a joystick, track ball, touch pad, mouse, lever, etc.) by which the user can manipulate a cursor on a television screen. Of course, remote control device could also be any one of numerous control devices known in the art, including a wireless keyboard, a wireless pointer device, etc. It is also possible not to use a remote control device at all, and to just use a key pad, cursor, etc., attached directly to the television system.

In the embodiment illustrated by Figure 2, the software architecture of the programming system 200 resides in a set-top box 210. The set-top box 210 typically includes the user interface 201 which comprises a CPU coupled to a read-only memory (ROM) and a random-access memory (RAM) (not show in this view). The ROM includes instructions and data for executing on the CPU. The RAM is used for storing program variables for the program instructions contained in the ROM. In another embodiment, the software architecture of the system may reside in the television system or may be built into a VCR.

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A presentation engine 202 has drivers or connectors 205 a through n. One such driver is driver 203 which connects to the operating system within the set-top box 210 and allows the presentation engine 202 to communicate with such things as a television tuner, data for replenishing programming information, and the like. In addition, there is a memory or database 220 in the system, which contains objects 215 a through n. In the present embodiment, the database 220 resides in the memory. However, since the architecture of the here-referenced system also has hard disks, the database may also be in the hard disk, or in both the memory and the hard disk. An interface 204 provides for a 3-D enabled EPG virtual world whose end result is the view that the user gets. Rather than hard-programming one world into the application and allowing objects such as programs, etc., to be filled-in, numerous objects 215 a through n contain various world descriptions.

The interface 204 displays objects with real shapes on a television screen along with rectangular or bar shaped text blocks (rather than displaying a matrix of rectangular boxes containing text). For example, one method for displaying real shapes involves using 3-D accelerator technology. In one embodiment, the graphics circuitry that provides the information displayed on the television screen stores the image elements in a 3-D model and generates the image using a 3-D accelerator. This is done in a manner similar to that described in our U.S. patent applications 09/344,442 (docket No. Isurftv1) and 09/361,470 (docket No. Isurftv2) and our co-pending application "Electronic Programming Guide" (docket No. Isurftv 12) (all of which describe 3-D accelerator technology and are incorporated herein by reference). Briefly, this is accomplished by a) storing a computer model of a geometric surface of one or more pictograms in a first set

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of memory locations within the television STB; b) storing within a second set of memory locations a two dimensional image to be mapped onto that surface (e.g., a pixel array); and c) constructing a pixel array comprising image.

According to the present embodiment, a variety of world descriptions in the objects 215 a through n provide the user with schedule information (or other information as typically presented in EPGs or IPGs) for broadcast programs using the 3-D accelerator technology mentioned herein. These 3-D enabled objects 215 provide a 3-D virtual world whose end result is the view that the user gets. For example, one layout may mimic a futuristic science fiction type of environment in space, with rotating carousels showing movie previews (not shown in this view). Another layout may offer, for example, an environment mimicking video games, such as DoomTM, etc. (not shown in this view). Still another environment may offer the look of a classic 2-D EPG approach (not shown in this view).

In these various environments, channels (not shown in this view) may be organized by different classes, so the EPG world may contain, in addition to its layout and world descriptions, a through n elements with objects 215. In turn, each of those objects would then be linked or assigned to one of the items to display, such as schedule items, etc. In addition, there may be a dynamic relationship between the selection by the user of a specific content and the selection of a specific world (e.g., the selection of the sports channel by the viewer changes the world to a ballpark, the selection of the Disney channel changes the world to a Disney world, etc.).

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Another class of objects 215 contain a pseudo-descriptive language. Such an object may convert a title or channel identification into an actual channel or program association.

There may also be non-EPG objects 215, such as interaction objects. These may be used for e-commerce activities, etc., and may be mixed in with the presentation of the world along with the programming schedule items. For example, the selection of the sports channel by the user may bring forth a virtual world with the image of a large baseball and bat and a logo indicating that a baseball game is being shown on a particular channel. By clicking on the logo, a user may obtain a list of products that may be purchased using an interactive television system in a manner well known in the art.

In one embodiment, the user can customize which EPG world he wants based on user preferences. For instance, EPG worlds can be catered to age categories of viewers, with particular worlds selected for the interests of senior citizens, teenagers, children, etc. In another embodiment, the programmer may decide which world the user views. For example, CNN may make a deal with the programmer saying that all CNN channels are to appear in the News World and not the viewer's chosen environment. Or, the programmer may offer 2-3 different world choices, and the viewer may choose among them. Of course, numerous other programming options are available in the system as well.

Referring now to Figure 3A there is shown a pseudo-descriptive language containing one class of objects for an EPG 300 according to an embodiment of the present invention. Such an object as shown in Figure 3A has a title 310 and/or a channel identification 320 that may be converted into the actual channel number or

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program association. For example, Channel 7 may be converted to ABC, etc. It may have localized aspects such as local start time 335, run length or end time 340, ad overlay 345, permissive choice of advertisements 350, etc. Other important parameters 360 may also be included in the class of objects as demonstrated in Figure 3A.

Referring now to Figure 3B there is shown a description of a 3-D world in another class of objects for an EPG 380 according to an embodiment of the present invention. Objects 382, 384, 386, etc., may be used to build the world and then the entire world description 390 is an object itself.

Referring now to Figure 3C there is shown a description of a non-EPG object 392 according to an embodiment of the present invention. The objects 393 and 394, etc., in Figure 3C may be interaction objects and can be used for e-commerce activities. The objects 393 and 394, etc., may be mixed in the presentation of the world along with the schedule item objects (not shown in this view).

The system and method disclosed herein may be integrated into advanced Internet-or network-based knowledge systems as related to information retrieval, information extraction, and question and answer systems. Figure 4 is an example of one embodiment of a computer system 400. The system shown has a processor 401 coupled to a bus 402. Also shown coupled to the bus 402 are a memory 403 which may contain objects (*See* Figure 2 objects 215 a through n). Additional components shown coupled to the bus 402 are a storage device 405 (such as a hard drive, floppy drive, CD-ROM, DVD-ROM, etc.), an input device 406 (such as a keyboard, mouse, light pen, barcode reader, scanner, microphone, joystick, etc.), and an output device 407 (such as a printer, monitor,

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speakers, etc.). Of course, an exemplary computer system could have more components than these or a subset of the components listed.

The system and method described herein may be stored in the memory of a computer system (i.e., a set-top box) as a set of instructions to be executed, as shown by way of example in Figure 4. In addition, the instructions to perform the system and method described herein may alternatively be stored on other forms of machine-readable media, including magnetic and optical disks. For example, the system and method of the present invention may be stored on machine-readable media, such as magnetic disks or optical disks, which are accessible via a disk drive (or computer-readable medium drive). Further, the instructions may be downloaded into a computing device over a data network in the form of a compiled and linked version.

Alternatively, the logic to perform the system and method described herein may be implemented in additional computer and/or machine-readable media such as discrete hardware components as large-scale integrated circuits (LSI's), application specific integrated circuits (ASIC's), firmware such as electrically erasable programmable read-only memory (EEPROM's), and electrical, optical, acoustical, and other forms of propogated signals (e.g., carrier waves, infrared signals, digital signals, etc.).

Thus, a universal programming system for an EPG system and method has been described. Although the foregoing description and accompanying figures discuss and illustrate specific embodiments, it should be appreciated that the present invention is to be measured only in terms of the claims that follow.

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What is claimed is:

- 1 1. A system, comprising:
- a 3-D enabled electronic programming guide (EPG) containing a plurality of
- 3 virtual worlds; and
- a presentation engine enabling a user to choose one of the virtual worlds
- 5 according to preference.
- 1 2. The system of Claim 1 wherein software architecture of the system resides in a
- 2 set-top box, a television, or a VCR.
- 1 3. The system of Claim 1 wherein the presentation engine has a plurality of drivers,
- 2 one of the drivers enabling the presentation engine to communicate with a television
- 3 system for replenishing programming information.
- 1 4. The system of Claim 1 wherein a memory in the system contains a plurality of
- 2 objects, one class of objects providing the plurality of virtual worlds whose end result is a
- 3 view that a user gets.
- 1 5. The system of Claim 4 wherein another class of objects contains a pseudo-
- 2 descriptive language describing schedule times, this class of objects having a channel
- 3 identification or title that can be converted into an actual channel number or program
- 4 identification.

- 1 6. The system of Claim 5 wherein the class of objects containing the pseudo-
- 2 descriptive language includes localized aspects.
- 1 7. The system of Claim 4 wherein another class of objects are non-EPG objects
- 2 including interaction objects used for e-commerce, one or more of the non-EPG objects
- 3 conflated with one or more virtual worlds.
- 1 8. The system of Claim 1 wherein there is a dynamic relationship between the
- 2 content selected by the user and the selection of the virtual world.
- 1 9. The system of Claim 1 wherein one of the virtual worlds is displayed in a matrix
- of rectangular boxes.
- 1 10. A method, comprising:
- providing a 3-D enabled electronic programming guide (EPG) comprising a
- 3 plurality of virtual worlds; and
- 4 providing a presentation engine enabling a user to choose one of the virtual
- 5 worlds.
- 1 11. The method of Claim 10 further comprising the step of providing a plurality of
- 2 objects in a memory of the EPG.

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- 1 12. The method of Claim 11 wherein the memory is stored in a set-top box, a
- 2 television system, or a VCR.
- 1 13. The method of Claim 11 wherein one class of objects provides the plurality of
- 2 virtual worlds whose end result is a view that a user gets.
- 1 14. The method of Claim 13 wherein the virtual worlds contain a plurality of other
- 2 objects, each object linked to an item to display.
- 1 15. The method of Claim 11 wherein one class of objects contains a pseudo-
- 2 descriptive language describing schedule times, this class of objects having a channel
- identification or title that can be converted into an actual channel number or program
- 4 identification.
- 1 16. The method of Claim 15 wherein the class of objects containing the pseudo-
- 2 descriptive language includes localized aspects.
- 1 17. The method of Claim 11 wherein one class of objects are non-EPG objects
- 2 including interaction objects used for e-commerce, the non-EPG objects conflated with
- 3 the plurality of virtual worlds.
- 1 18. The method of Claim 10 further providing for a dynamic relationship between
- 2 the content selected by the user and the selection of the virtual world.

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- 1 19. The method of Claim 10 wherein one of the virtual worlds is displayed in a matrix
- 2 of rectangular boxes.
- 1 20. A machine-readable storage medium tangibly embodying a sequence of
- 2 instructions executable by the machine to perform a method for providing for a 3-D
- 3 enabled electronic programming guide (EPG), the method comprising:
- 4 providing a plurality of objects in a memory of the EPG, one class of objects
- 5 comprising one or more virtual worlds whose end result is a view a user gets;
- 6 providing a presentation engine with a plurality of drivers, one of the drivers
- 7 enabling the presentation engine to communicate with a television system for
- 8 replenishing programming information; and
- 9 providing a plurality of virtual worlds using the presentation engine.
- 1 21. The machine-readable storage medium of Claim 20 wherein software architecture
- of the system resides in a set-top box, a television, or a VCR.
- 1 22. The machine-readable storage medium of Claim 20 wherein the presentation
- 2 engine has a plurality of drivers, one of the drivers enabling the presentation engine to
- 3 communicate with a television system for replenishing programming information.
- 1 23. The machine-readable storage medium of Claim 20 wherein another class of
- 2 objects contains a pseudo-descriptive language describing schedule times, this class of

- 3 objects having a channel identification or title that can be converted into an actual
- 4 channel number or program identification.
- 1 24. The machine-readable storage medium of Claim 23 wherein the class of objects
- 2 containing the pseudo-descriptive language includes localized aspects.
- 1 25. The machine-readable storage medium of Claim 20 wherein another class of
- 2 objects are non-EPG objects including interaction objects used for e-commerce, the non-
- 3 EPG objects conflated with the plurality of virtual worlds.
- 1 26. The machine-readable storage medium of Claim 20 wherein there is a dynamic
- 2 relationship between content selected by the user and the selection of a virtual world.
- 1 27. The machine-readable storage medium of Claim 20 wherein one of the virtual
- 2 worlds is displayed in a matrix of rectangular boxes.
- 1 28. The machine-readable storage medium of Claim 20 wherein a user of the system
- 2 chooses a virtual world to display programming information.
- 1 29. The machine-readable storage medium of Claim 20 wherein a programmer
- 2 chooses a virtual world to display programming information.

- 1 30. The machine-readable storage medium of Claim 20 wherein a programmer and a
- 2 user choose a virtual world to display programming information.

ABSTRACT

An EPG displays programming information in a variety of ways including using 3-D images, alphanumeric text, and video data. A presentation engine allows viewers and/or programmers to select between varying programming worlds. In addition, non-EPG objects, such as interaction objects, may be conflated with the presentation of the world and with the program schedule information.

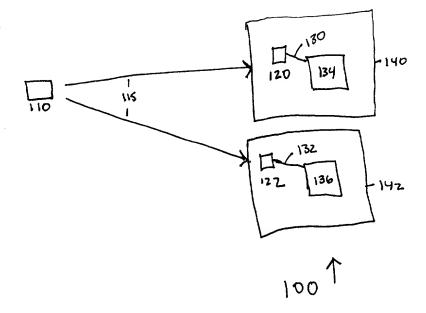


Figure 1

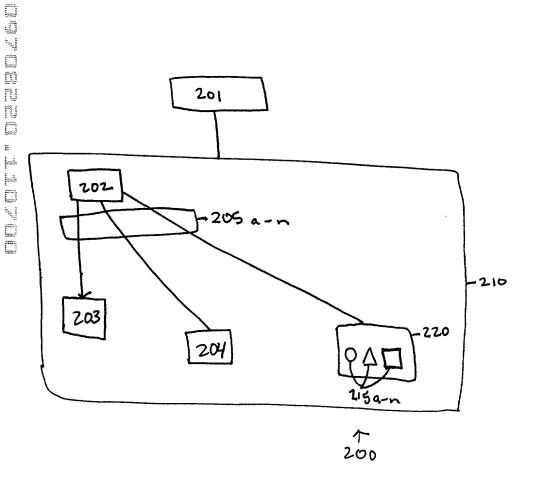


Figure 2

Object Schedule item; 30-Description: Title Ahs 320-Desuption: Channel 11) 300-> Localized 330 - De scription: 335-Description: Start time 310-Description: Run legter 345-Description: Ad overlay; permissive eleges_1-350 360-Description: etc. Eno object. Figure 3A EPG world (layout selection) Object Object langut... Eno object - 382

Object clement... Eno object - 384

Object element... Eno object - 386

Eno object

Figure 3B

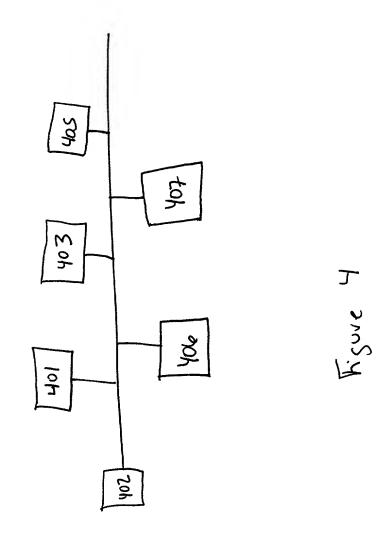
Object NONEP6-Object

392-> Object... Eno object — 393

Object Interaction ... Eno object - 394

Eno Object

Figure 3c



← ooh

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR PATENT APPLICATION

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

Attorney's Docket No.: 004688.P009

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below, next to my name.

I believe I am the original, first, and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first, and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

Universal Programming System and Method for Electronic Programming Guide

the specification of which

X_____ is attached hereto.
_____ was filed on (MM/DD/YYYY) ________as

United States Application Number ______
or PCT International Application Number ______
and was amended on (MM/DD/YYYY) ______.

(if applicable)

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claim(s), as amended by any amendment referred to above. I do not know and do not believe that the claimed invention was ever known or used in the United States of America before my invention thereof, or patented or described in any printed publication in any country before my invention thereof or more than one year prior to this application, that the same was not in public use or on sale in the United States of America more than one year prior to this application, and that the invention has not been patented or made the subject of an inventor's certificate issued before the date of this application in any country foreign to the United States of America on an application filed by me or my legal representatives or assigns more than twelve months (for a utility patent application) or six months (for a design patent application) prior to this application.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56.

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119(a)-(d), of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

ZAFMAN :LLP, 12400 Wilshire Boulevard 7th Floor, Los Angeles, California 90025 and direct

(Name of Attorney or Agent)

(Country)

Priority

Yes

(Foreign Filing Date -

Claimed

Rev. 10/01/00 (D1)

telephone calls to ___John P. Ward

Prior Foreign Application(s)

(Number)

, (408) 720-8300.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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APPENDIX A

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APPENDIX B

Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56 Duty to Disclose Information Material to Patentability

- (a) A patent by its very nature is affected with a public interest. The public interest is best served. and the most effective patent examination occurs when, at the time an application is being examined, the Office is aware of and evaluates the teachings of all information material to patentability. Each individual associated with the filing and prosecution of a patent application has a duty of candor and good faith in dealing with the Office, which includes a duty to disclose to the Office all information known to that individual to be material to patentability as defined in this section. The duty to disclosure information exists with respect to each pending claim until the claim is cancelled or withdrawn from consideration, or the application becomes abandoned. Information material to the patentability of a claim that is cancelled or withdrawn from consideration need not be submitted if the information is not material to the patentability of any claim remaining under consideration in the application. There is no duty to submit information which is not material to the patentability of any existing claim. The duty to disclosure all information known to be material to patentability is deemed to be satisfied if all information known to be material to patentability of any claim issued in a patent was cited by the Office or submitted to the Office in the manner prescribed by §§1.97(b)-(d) and 1.98. However, no patent will be granted on an application in connection with which fraud on the Office was practiced or attempted or the duty of disclosure was violated through bad faith or intentional misconduct. The Office encourages applicants to carefully examine:
 - (1) Prior art cited in search reports of a foreign patent office in a counterpart application, and
- (2) The closest information over which individuals associated with the filing or prosecution of a patent application believe any pending claim patentably defines, to make sure that any material information contained therein is disclosed to the Office.
- (b) Under this section, information is material to patentability when it is not cumulative to information already of record or being made or record in the application, and
- (1) It establishes, by itself or in combination with other information, a prima facie case of unpatentability of a claim; or
 - (2) It refutes, or is inconsistent with, a position the applicant takes in:
 - (i) Opposing an argument of unpatentability relied on by the Office, or
 - (ii) Asserting an argument of patentability.

A prima facie case of unpatentability is established when the information compels a conclusion that a claim is unpatentable under the preponderance of evidence, burden-of-proof standard, giving each term in the claim its broadest reasonable construction consistent with the specification, and before any consideration is given to evidence which may be submitted in an attempt to establish a contrary conclusion of patentability.

- (c) Individuals associated with the filing or prosecution of a patent application within the meaning of this section are:
 - Each inventor named in the application;
 - (2) Each attorney or agent who prepares or prosecutes the application; and
- (3) Every other person who is substantively involved in the preparation or prosecution of the application and who is associated with the inventor, with the assignee or with anyone to whom there is an obligation to assign the application.
- (d) Individuals other than the attorney, agent or inventor may comply with this section by disclosing information to the attorney, agent, or inventor.